(LIVth YEAR.) THE (No. 2736.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, MAY 9, 1799.

CONSTANTINOPLE, December 18.

THE sale of merchandise and effects belonging to the French republican merchants resident in this capital, is carried on with great activity. Among the spoils which the government has appropriated to its own use, is the personal property of Florenville the merchant, and a part of that belonging to Semonville, the ex-ambassador. The French prisoners are chained together, and obliged to perform the same labour as the galley slaves.

RASTADT, *February* 2.

The following answer has been sent by the emperor relative to the Russian troops:

1. His Imperial majesty is surprised that the French ministers should have addressed themselves to the deputation for the pacification of the empire upon a subject with which it has no concern.

2. His Imperial majesty testifies his satisfaction that the deputation has unanimously referred this affair, upon which it was not competent to decide, to those whom it concerns and who ought to be acquainted with it.

3. His Imperial majesty will, however, wait for the report which shall be made to him on this subject by the diet of Ratisbon.

A Spanish courier passed through this place this morning, on his way from Vienna to Paris. He brought dispatches to citizen Botcardy, the Ligurian minister, the contents of which have induced him to send off his valet de chambre as a courier to Genoa. It is reported that the duke des Deux Ponts the prince of Nassau Weilburg, and some other princes of the right bank of Prussia, are to repair to Berlin. The object of their journey is to prevail on his majesty to interpose his mediation with France, that in case of rupture with Austria, France may acknowledge the neutrality of the empire, and continue the negotiations respecting the secularizations. The note delivered to the count de Lerbach, has excited here a considerable degree of agitation. It is pretended that the Prussian ministers will immediately deliver in a note, which will make known the intentions of their court in the present conjuncture of affairs.

HAMBURG, *January* 22.

The refusal of his Prussian majesty to give any decision with respect to the Irishmen detained here, had involved us in embarrassment, but it was hoped that the business would have remained in its actual state until the conclusion of peace which might set the prisoners at liberty. All our apprehensions on this topic are again renewed, as Mr. Crawfurd, minister of his Britannic majesty, to the circle of Lower Saxony, has received dispatches from his government, which not only approve the conduct he has held, but direct him positively to insist that the senate shall instantly give up the prisoners to Britain. Should this demand be refused, he is directed to withdraw from Hamburg, and declare that the king, his master, considers the refusal as a declaration of war, and our senate is involved in new troubles. Its decision is impatiently expected. Pichegru after his arrival here from Britain, stopped only two days and then proceeded on his journey. It is not known to what place he is going.

PROVIDENCE, *April* 24.

On the night of the 16th inst. that most valuable manufactory of gunlocks, bayonets and trimmings for small arms, at Johnston, in this state, was consumed by fire. It was first discovered by a girl, who lived with Mr. Ezekiel Angell, the owner of the said buildings. She immediately alarmed the workmen, to the number of 12 or 14, who did every thing in their power to extinguish the flames, but were unsuccessful; they then endeavoured to save the tools and materials; but with all ther exertions the owner must have sustained a very considerable loss. Too much praise cannot be given to Mr. Edson, one of the head workmen, who on the alarm sprang from his bed and ran to the building; the door being locked, he jumped through a glass window naked as he was, and saved considerable property, although very much cut by the glass in his feet and other places. It is supposed the owner must have lost at least from 1000 to 1200 dollars; but we are happy to be informed that a new building is now erecting by the spirited owner, and will be fit for use in ten or twelve days.

From the best information we have been able to collect from the different towns, it is calculated that the new prop for the alteration in the legislature of this state will be carried by a majority of about 80 votes.

NEW-YORK, *April* 29.

We are sorry to learn, that the following melancholy accident happened on Friday afternoon last, near Delancy's mills, Westchester county. Mr. Levi Hunt, sen. merchant, of that place, when riding at no great distance from his own house, was suddenly thrown from his horse, and his head dashed with great violence against a stone fence; in consequence of which, he was so severely bruised, that he expired soon after. Mr. Hunt was an aged citizen, and much respected by his relatives and numerous friends and acquaintances, by whom his unfortunate death will be sincerely and long regretted.

Yesterday morning about one o'clock a John Kingsland, a seafaring man, but who for some time past, had followed the business of opening oysters, precipitately run from his lodgings in James-street, almost naked, and threw himself into the river at Peck slip. He was followed by some watch-men and other humane citizens, who endeavoured, by handing him a rope, a boat-hook, &c. to afford him the means of saving his life; but he appeared determined to reject all assistance, and was drowned accordingly. This unfortunate man had been sick for some time past, and for a few days had been in a state of insanity.

April 30.

By Mr. Pilmore, a passenger in the schooner Massachusetts, arrived this morning from the Havanna, we are informed that three men who escaped the massacre on board the ship Ocean, had arrived at the Havanna previous to his departure. These men declared, that the ship Ocean had been engaged with two French privateers the greater part of the day, and beat them off—In the evening they were joined by a French brig, when the action was renewed, and the Ocean obliged to strike her colours. After which she was boarded—captain Kemp was immediately murdered, when a general massacre took place of every man that could be found—None but the three above mentioned, who were secreted 48 hours in the hold, escaped. After the expiration of this time, they were discovered—and from the abundant humanity of the conquerors were spared, and suffered to proceed to the Havanna to tell the melancholy story.

May 1.

The two following paragraphs are extracted from the Vergennes (Vermont) gazette, an excellent paper, edited by Mr. Samuel Chipman, jun.

Lotoi, a Frenchman, has made an experiment that phosphorus, internally applied, will surprisingly stimulate a weak constitution, and even prolong for a day, the life of a dying man. The interests of the arts and sciences have not been neglected amidst atrocities of revolution and the demoralization of the republic. The experiment suggests the idea that even sansculottes are willing to keep off the king of terrors, and are not always eager for everlasting sleep.

Extract of a letter from a young gentleman in Paris to his friend in this city, dated,

PARIS, *October* 8, 1798.

"From a splendid city, filled with Roman antiquities and modern curiosities, ornamented with superb palaces and beautiful gardens, enriched with the spoils of Flanders and Italy, you doubtless will conclude, that there is abundant matter for composition—there is—but a head is wanting more free from anxiety than that of your friend's In viewing the magnificence of Paris, the mind of the stranger is struck with a horrid sensation, at the unheard of vices of its inhabitants. This nation, known for many centuries to be the most volatile of any in existence, have in some measure been restrained by religion; but now that restraint exists no longer—passion riots in the most licentious disorder—morality is laughed at; and crimes, the most destructive to virtue and domestic happiness, are permitted with impunity.

"At the celebration of the new year, all the feasts were exhibited, which you have read in ancient history, of the Olympic games. Two or three hundred thousand people were assembled in the Champ de Mars; in a superb gallery sat the directory and the rest of the government, dressed in all the magnificence of Oriental pomposity. Nothing but a throne was wanting for the directors, to give them the appearance of what they really are.

"At this exhibition I was placed by accident near the heads of government, and viewed with ease the transactions of the Champ de Mars.

"One misfortune took place, which was, the wounding very badly of a man who was running in one of the cars; his adversary forced his horses, and drove against him with such violence as to overthrow and break his car to pieces; and to do honour to the ladies of France, I must say that they discovered a different sensation from what I have seen in Spain at the death of a man."

PHILADELPHIA, April 29.

Yesterday forenoon about 130 French uniform coats, with a large number of linen pantaloons and shirts, were seized in a house in Spruce near Fifth-street.—The person in whose possession these suspicious articles were discovered is a Frenchman; who upon examination before the mayor, it appeared was commissioned by Toussaint, the black general at St. Domingo, to procure uniforms in this country for the French troops in that island. He was referred for further examination this morning, to judge Peters and the secretary of state.

On examination this morning it was only thought necessary to take security for the retention of the cloaths in this country until it shall become lawful to trade with the French islands in the West-Indies.

The trial of the insurgents commenced this day: That of Fries is postponed until to-morrow. His counsel are Messrs. Lewis and Dallas.

Yesterday arrived the ship Birmingham Packet, captain Kelly, from Bombay, from whence she sailed the 10th Dec. a month previous to which, lieutenant Duval, of his Britannic majesty's ship Zealous, arrived at Bombay with dispatches from rear-admiral Nelson, by the way of the desert and Bassorah, containing an account of the victory obtained over the French fleet; but it was generally believed the dispatches were of much greater consequence, from an intercepted packet of Buonaparte to the Directory, that was taken on his passage, and that they contained ample plans of the intended operations of the French army. The lieut. returned by the same route to join his ship.

Immediately after his arrival, every thing was put in the best posture of defence, mounting additional guns where wanting: The European inhabitants had voluntarily embodied as a militia, and were daily training to the use of arms. The governor had also convened the heads of the different casts, and ordered them to select about 2000 men to learn the military exercise, this had caused some uneasiness, as religious prejudices prevented them carrying arms, but they declared themselves perfectly willing to assist in any other manner against the common enemy.

A war with Tippoo Saib was also looked upon as inevitable; large quantities of cattle, and a number of troops were gone down to the Malabar coast, to join the army from Bengal. There seemed to be great unanimity among all ranks and degrees of people in Bombay, and voluntary contributions, exceeding three millions of rupees, had been collected in that place and its dependencies, and remitted to England, to support the war.

Rear-admiral Ranier, eight days previous to the sailing of the Birmingham, had arrived in the Suffolk, of 74 guns, Trident of 64 in company. The Centurion and Suffolk had sailed, the former it was reported for the Red Sea, to prevent the passing of the French army. A squadron was also fitting out to follow her in a little time after.

Little apprehensions were, however, entertained of the approach of Buonaparte's army, as it was conceived the passage down the Red Sea, would be attended with so many difficulties as to make it nearly impracticable, especially as a British squadron would have the command of it: A march through the deserts would be still more difficult, as it was supposed, by those acquainted with the nature of the country, that a great part, if not all, must perish in the attempt.

L'Union, French privateer of 18 guns, had captured to the northward of Bombay, a Mocha ship bound to Suratt, and two others, out of which she took ten lacks of rupees in treasure, and afterwards sent the ships to the Isle of France. So unguarded was the Malabar coast at this time, the month of October, that the privateer was the whole day in sight from the town of Bombay.

Arrived, ship Birmingham Packet, Kelly, Bombay, 138 days; sch'r. Sally, Sherer, Surinam, 20.

Capt. Sherer parted with the convoy the 9th inst.—Spoke no vessels on the passage.

Capt. Kelly, of the ship Birmingham Packet, sailed from Bombay on the 10th of December, in company with the English armed ship Fame, for London, parted company the next day—on the 12th of Dec. at day-light in the morning, perceived five Mahratta Dingeys astern, standing after us, at 12 o'clock, being about two miles astern, took in steering sails and prepared for action, they then took in sail and hove too to the northward, when they were broadside to us, could discover them crouded with men; seeing us prepared, after lying about an hour, made sail and left us.

On the 25th of March, at 4 o'clock P. M. in lat. 15, 30, N. long. 45, 58, W. fell in with a brig, spread Spanish colours, and fired a gun, kept on our course—at 11, we being then within musket shot, fired a gun with ball, and kept hailing in Spanish to hoist out the boat, and send her aboard, but not giving time to effect this, fired about 12 rounds with round and grape shot, in the ship, at last the boat being got out, captain Kelly went on board, and on her return Mr. Moore went on board, the Spanish captain then produced a book which he said contained the king of Spain's decree, ordering all his ships to carry into port for adjudication all neutrals they fell in with, from English ports, with cargoes, it was represented to him that the papers then produced contained full and ample testimony of the property being truly American,

that he might detain the ship if he thought proper, but in case of loss, recapture, &c. he should be held fully accountable; they kept us on board till the morning, and after going on board the ship, suffered us to proceed on our voyage; the brig was called the Nombray de Tobosoma, captain Pedro le Ancory, from St Andero, but whence bound he would not inform us. She mounted four twenty-four pound carronades, on slides, six six pounders and about 40 men. The following letters were thrown overboard at the time:

One for Messieurs Thomas and John Ketland, Philadelphia.

One for Gabriel Christie in Havre-de-Grace, (Maryland.)

One for John Parker Boyd, Esq; in Boston.

One for ——— Mumford, merchant in New-York.

One for Miss Obadiah Bown, New-York—Being received on those conditions.

On the 2d of April, at 2 o'clock P. M. in lat. 25, 57, N. long. 56, 4, W. was boarded by the ship Venerable, captain Ramsay, from Barbadoes bound to Liverpool, in company with three other ships.

On the 18th of April, in lat. 31, 48, N. long, 70, 55, W. spoke the schooner Commeree, of and for Boston, from the Havanna, 13 days out, sailed in company with a fleet conveyed by the Delaware sloop of war, captain Decatur.

On the 25th of April, in lat. 38, 3, N. long. 72, 32, W. was boarded by the British ship of war Swan, had a Swedish or Danish brig in tow, bound to a port on the continent, which the officer would not name, but said they had captured her on a suspicion the property was Spanish, and had taken her four days before, from the course they were steering were bound to Bermuda.

The ship Fortitude, captain Kearney, arrived at Bombay on the 18th of September, and not being able to dispose of her cargo, sailed the 4th of October for Calcutta.

Daring Outrage.

On Sunday last, Edward and Joseph Webb, confined on a charge of swindling, J. R. M'Mahon, under sentence of the mayor's court, for sending a challenge and committing assault, and a negro, imprisoned for larceny, made a joint attempt to break from the criminal prison of this city, and had actually got through the floor into the dungeon, whence they intended to escape by undermining the walls. They were discovered by the keeper, and separately imprisoned in the cells.

The trial of John Fries, on an indictment for high treason before the circuit court of the United States, is adjourned till this morning, 10 o'clock, on account of the non-attendance of a sufficient number of the petit jury, to proceed thereon. Yesterday morning was occupied on a motion made before the court by Mr. Lewis, and supported by Mr. Dallas, to remove the trial to the county where the act is said to have been committed; this right which was stated by the prisoners council, was contended by Mr. Sitgreaves, and Mr. Rawle, attorney for the prosecution. The motion was at length over-ruled by the court, judges Iredell and Peters both asserting their discretion as to the removal, and determination against it.

The trial therefore proceeds.

General Laveaux, a deputy from St. Domingo, whose republicanism is above all suspicion, has offered to a member of the directory to answer with his head for the fidelity of Touissaint Loverteur. It is said, that this general is to be sent as commissioner to St. Domingo.

A letter from Ireland by a late arrival, has reached this city by a private hand; besides some details interesting only to those who are acquainted with that country, the following particulars are mentioned in it.

Henry Grattan has been prevailed upon to accept a seat in the Irish parliament, under express stipulations with the patriotic party, that they shall oppose the further landing of a single English regiment or English soldier in that Island;—this has become the basis of a patriotic compact to preserve the independence of that nation, and prevent what has been called an union.

Articles of impeachment were about to be preferred against lord Castlereagh, secretary of state, for bribery and corruption, attempted on about forty members of parliament.

A corps of Yeomanry had entered into resolutions hostile to the proposed union with England, had published them; the example was spreading through all those corps. Marquis Cornwallis, determined to disarm and dishonour the Yeomanry corps, by a covert manœuvre. The corps was ordered on a tour of duty, and to be reviewed preparatory thereto, with blunt cartridges; having been drawn up in a line, a regiment of Scotch highlanders 1200 strong was marched into the field suddenly, and the Yeomanry corps were ordered to ground their arms. The corps had, from the suspicious manner in which the orders were dictated, and from some private informations, deemed it expedient to be on their guard; they had accordingly provided ball, instead of blunt cartridge; and when ordered to ground their arms came to a recover. The confusion was of consequence great, the highlanders were ordered to charge with the bayonet; a desperate contest ensued, in which the highlanders were obliged to retire, with the loss of 34 men, beside wounded; the Irish corps of about 670 strong, lost 17 men, and after maintaining the field, marched off the ground to their former quarters. The further issue of this serious business must be of the utmost importance, and may be expected by the first arrivals from that quarter.

BALTIMORE, *April 29.*

Extract of a letter from Camden, (S. C.) dated April 14, 1799.

"On the night of the 10th instant, or rather on the morning of 11th, we had at this place a pretty severe shock of an *earthquake*. I was awakened by the clattering of the sashes in the window near the head of my bed, after which I felt my bed tremble or quiver under me, and the chairs and tables about the room were agitated in the same manner, but lasted a very few seconds, perhaps not more than ten after I awoke. I suppose the greatest part of the shock was over before I awoke, for I understand from several of my neighbours that they felt it for some minutes and ran out of their houses, that they heard a loud noise something like the rattling of a carriage over a rough pavement, that the horses and cattle appeared to be frightened and ran about the commons and in their yards as if greatly alarmed. The shock was felt with the same violence to the northward of us: I have not yet learnt more than 20 miles, though no doubt, it extended a great deal farther. It was felt on the high hills near Statesburg (which is twenty miles to the southward of us) much more violent than at this place—we are told that some people there were thrown out of their beds, and others laid hold of their bed-fellows to prevent their falling.

May 2.

The Ship OCEAN.

Yesterday arrived the sch'rs. Annie and Felicity, from La Vera Cruz. It gives us great pleasure to contradict in toto the accounts respecting the ship Ocean, captain Kemp, as she was left at Vera Cruz the 8th April, where she had arrived in safety, having seen no French privateer on her passage.

To the Inhabitants of Charles county.

IT is with pain and regret that I find myself compelled to announce to my friends and fellow-citizens of Charles county, that the continued series of ill health that I have experienced for several years past, and particularly the last, renders a change of situation absolutely and essentially necessary. Being thus circumstanced, I have resolved to settle at Annapolis, where in hopes of better health, I shall continue to prosecute my profession, with this determination, to attend the court here as usual.

Permit me to offer my respectful acknowledgments, for the liberal and generous patronage and support that I have uniformly received at your hands, both professionally and politically, and to assure you in the language of truth and sincerity, that I shall not be wanting in grateful remembrance of your past kindness, but that I shall always feel a lively interest in your happiness and prosperity.

Thomas Buchanan.

Port-Tobacco, April 16, 1799.

By his Excellency

BENJAMIN OGLE, Esquire,

Governor of Maryland,

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS it has been represented to me, that a dwelling-house, the property of William Bradley Beanes, lying in Prince George's county, was consumed by fire, and that some malicious person or persons are supposed to have wilfully set fire to the same; I have therefore thought proper, by and with the advice and consent of the council, to issue this my proclamation, hereby offering a reward of One Hundred Dollars to any person who shall discover the perpetrator or perpetrators thereof, so that he, she or they, or any of them, be convicted thereof.

Given in council, at the city of Annapolis, under the seal of the state of Maryland, this sixth day of May, in the year seventeen hundred and ninety-nine.

BEN. OGLE.

Attest.

Ninian Pinkney, clerk of the governor and council.

ORDERED, That the foregoing proclamation be published in the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis, and the Federal Gazette, at Baltimore, every day for the space of five weeks.

By order,

NINIAN PINKNEY.

NOTICE.

THE commissioners appointed by an act of the last general assembly to lay out and open a road from the city of Annapolis to the Federal city, hereby give notice, that they will attend at Mr. Wharfe's, in the city of Annapolis, on Monday the 20th instant, for the purpose of agreeing with a person or persons that will undertake to open said road, and to receive payment for the same out of the money to be levied agreeable to the act of assembly for that purpose.

May 6, 1799.

COMMITTED to my custody as a runaway on the 29th instant, a negro man by name HARRY, the property of Henry Ragan, of Baltimore county, but since says he belongs to Luke Barber, of Saint-Mary's county, near Chaptico, he appears to be about 25 years old, about five feet seven or eight inches high. His master or owner is desired to take him away in two months from the above date, or he will be sold for his prison fees and other expences according to law.

NOTLEY MADDOX, Sheriff of Prince-George's county.

April 30, 1799.

On the 11th day of June next, will be offered for sale on the premises, at Port-Tobacco, by the subscribers,

The Lot and Houses,

LATELY occupied by the late Mr. Matthew Blair, comprising the best stand and arrangements for the accommodation of a merchant, of any in that place. The improvements are a large frame house 46 feet long by 34 feet in breadth, under which is a dry airy cellar, built of stone, and windows secured with iron stancheons—the house is divided into a large convenient store room, three lodging rooms well finished, two of them having fire-places; on the south and west sides is a range of piazzas supported by brick pillars; at the end of the main building are two wings of 24 feet by 18 each, one used as a counting-house, &c. and the other as a kitchen—a stable frame 24 feet by 14, with hay-loft, &c.

The lot is nearly square, and extensive, affording ample ground for a garden, and the whole enclosed with locust posts, and painted palings, which with the houses are in good repair.

One third of the purchase money will be expected down, and the residue in one and two yearly payments, for which bond with security, if required, must be given; when paid, deeds will be executed.

ROBERT FERGUSSON, } *Executors of*
JOHN ROBERTSON, } *M. Blair.*

May 1, 1799.

Prince-George's county, April 16, 1799.

I HEREBY certify, that Charles Clagett brought before me this day, as a stray, a small brown mare, about 13½ hands high, four years old, a small star in her forehead, both hind feet white, and all part of the off fore foot. No perceivable brand.

SAMUEL HEPBURN.

Near Upper-Marlborough.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber on the 22d day of April, a dark mulatto man by the name of BAR, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, about 21 or 22 years of age, a straight handsome fellow, with a good countenance, good teeth, and a fine suit of wool, which he has generally worn plaited; had on and took with him one kersey over jacket, one pair striped overalls of elastic cloth, two German linen shirts, with sundry other cloaths. He is a smart fellow, plays well on the fiddle, and I apprehend has obtained a pass, and will endeavour to pass as a free man. I apprehend that he will endeavour to go by water, as it is the most likely means of making his escape. All masters of vessels are forewarned from employing the said negro at their peril. Whoever takes up said negro, and confines him in any gaol so that I get him again, shall have the above reward, and if brought home all reasonable expences paid, by

CORNELIUS BARBER.

Near Chaptico, Saint Mary's county, May 2, 1799.

By virtue of an order from the orphans court of Anne-Arundel county, will be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on Saturday the 11th instant, at the late dwelling plantation of Charles Steuart, upon South river, within half a mile of the ferry,

SUNDRY milch cows, young cattle, a valuable bull, horses, sheep, hogs, a few articles of household furniture, and plantation utensils. The terms will be made known on the day of sale.

WILLIAM STEUART, Administrator.

May 1, 1799. 2

THE subscriber hereby gives public notice, that he will attend at Elk-Ridge Landing on Monday the tenth day of June next, at Rawlings's tavern on Thursday the twenty-seventh, and on all other days throughout the said month at the office of inspection in the city of Annapolis, for the purpose of receiving entries of stills, and issuing of licences to those distillers who require them.

2 THOMAS HARWOOD, of Richd. Collector of the revenue Anne-Arundel county.

Annapolis, May 1, 1799.

WHEREAS my wife SARAH hath eloped from me, I hereby forewarn all persons from trusting her on my account, as I am determined not to pay any debts contracted by her after the date hereof.

2 JOSEPH LOWREY.

Anne-Arundel county, April 26, 1799.

Valuable Lands for Sale.

ON Tuesday the 20th of August next I shall EXPOSE to PUBLIC SALE, at the town of New-Market, in Dorchester county, all that valuable tract or parcel of land commonly called the Choptank Indian Lands, situated on the south side and binding on the Choptank river several miles, supposed to contain about six thousand acres, to be divided into lots to contain from 100 to 500 acres each. The terms of sale as follow, viz. purchasers to give bond immediately after the sale, with approved security, conditioned for the payment of the purchase money, with interest from the day of sale, in four equal annual instalments, agreeably to an act, entitled, An act appointing commissioners to contract for and purchase the lands commonly called the Choptank Indian Lands, in Dorchester county, and for appropriating the same to the use of this state, and to repeal the act of assembly therein mentioned," passed at November session 1798. 12w

WILLIAM MARBURY, Agent for the State of Maryland.

April 10, 1799.

By the CORPORATION of the CITY of ANNAPOLIS,
April 20, 1799.

ORDERED, That the by-law, entitled, A By-law to prevent the introduction of the small-pox into the city of Annapolis, or the precincts thereof, be published three weeks in the Maryland Gazette.

By order,

A. GOLDER, Clk.

A By-law to prevent the introduction of the small pox into the city of Annapolis, or the precincts thereof.

BE it eſtabliſhed and ordained, by the mayor, recorder, aldermen, and common council of the city of Annapolis, and the authority of the ſame, That whatever inhabitant of the ſaid city, or the precincts thereof, ſhall introduce or bring the ſmall-pox into this city, or the precincts thereof, by inoculation, or ſhall take or receive into his or her houſe or family any perſon whatever, not being an inhabitant of the ſaid city, or the precincts thereof, who either is at the time, or comes to town to be infected with, the ſmall-pox, in order to nurſe or tend ſuch perſon in that diſtemper, knowing ſuch perſon to be then infected, or that ſuch perſon came to town with deſign to be infected, with ſuch diſtemper, ſuch inhabitant ſo introducing or bringing the ſmall-pox into this city, or the precincts thereof, by inoculation, or taking or receiving at any time any ſuch perſon, not an inhabitant as aforelaid, ſhall, for every ſuch offence, forfeit and pay the ſum of three pounds current money, to be recovered by indictment or confeſſion to the uſe of the corporation.

And be it eſtabliſhed and ordained, by the authority aforeſaid, That every inhabitant of this city, or the precincts thereof, who ſhall offend as aforeſaid, ſhall, for every twenty-four hours that any ſuch perſon as aforeſaid, not an inhabitant as aforeſaid, ſhall continue in the houſe or family of ſuch inhabitant, forfeit and pay the further ſum of three pounds current money aforeſaid, to be recovered as aforeſaid, to the uſe aforeſaid. 3 W.

Provided always, That this by-law, nor any thing herein contained, ſhall extend, or be conſtrued to extend, to the taking or receiving of ſuch perſon who, coming to this city, or the precincts thereof, about his neceſſary buſineſs, ſhall have been or ſhall be caſually infected with the ſaid diſtemper, and taken ſo ill as that it may be unſafe for ſuch perſon to retire from the city, or the precincts thereof. 2

In CHANCERY, April 22, 1799.

WHEREAS much inconvenience hath reſulted from the omiſſion of truſtees of inſolvent debtors to apply for orders directing the terms of ſale, and limitting a time within which claims are to be exhibited, the chancellor thinks proper to paſs the following general order:

ORDERED, That any truſtee, by this court appointed for the benefit of an inſolvent debtor, may proceed to ſell the property of the ſaid inſolvent debtor unincumbered by mortgage, truſt, or otherwiſe, at public auction, after giving at leaſt fourteen days notice of the time, place, manner, and terms of ſale, by advertiſement inſerted in ſome convenient news-paper, or ſet up at convenient public places.

Where the price of the property ſold ſhall not exceed fifty dollars, the purchaſer or purchaſers ſhall pay ready money.

Where the price ſhall exceed that ſum, and be not more than 250 dollars, the purchaſer or purchaſers ſhall give bond to the truſtee as ſuch, with ſecurity, for the purchaſe money, with intereſt, within four months from the time of ſale. Where the price ſhall exceed 250 dollars the bond paſſed as aforeſaid ſhall be for paying as aforeſaid, within one year from the ſale. When the property of an inſolvent debtor ſhall be incumbered by a mortgage, truſt, or otherwiſe, the truſtee ſhall not proceed to ſell until a ſpecial order ſhall be obtained, to be paſſed on application of the party or parties concerned, according to the circumſtances of the caſe. Ordered further, that in any caſe where a ſpecial order for the purpoſe hath not been paſſed, the firſt day of January next be hereby limitted and appointed, before which day any creditor of an inſolvent debtor ſhall bring in and declare his claim to the truſtee by this court appointed for the benefit of the creditors of ſuch inſolvent: provided ſuch truſtee ſhall give notice of his appointment and of ſuch limitation, by advertiſement inſerted in a news paper neareſt the place where the inſolvent reſided at the time of his application for relief to the general aſſembly, at leaſt three weeks before the laſt day of Auguſt next; and to prevent any miſtake of the meaning of this order, it is directed that *the advertiſment be as follows:*

" A—— J——, 1799.

" This is to give notice to the creditors of ——, an inſolvent debtor, that the ſubſcriber hath been by the chancellor appointed truſtee for their benefit, and that the chancellor hath limitted and appointed the firſt day of January next, before which day they are to bring in and declare their claims to me."

The printers of the Maryland Gazette, the Baltimore Telegraphe, the Rights of Man, the Georgetown news paper, and the Eaſton news-paper, are requeſted to inſert this order in their reſpective papers, and continue it three weeks, and as much longer as they ſhall think proper.

Teſt, SAMUEL H. HOWARD,
2 Reg. Cur. Can.

ALL perſons having claims againſt CHARLES STEUART, late of this county, deceaſed, are requeſted to make them known, and thoſe indebted are requeſted to make payment, to 2

WILLIAM STEUART, Adminiſtrator.
Anne-Arundel county, May 1, 1799.

GABRIEL,
JUST IMPORTED,

STANDS this ſeaſon at Belle-Air, Prince-George's county, at twenty dollars a mare and a dollar to the groom. In all caſes where the money is not paid, notes muſt be given, payable on or before the firſt of September, before the mares are taken away—Good and extenſive paſturage at 3/9 per week, but no reſponſibility for loſſes or accidents.

Gabriel was got by Dorimant, his dam by High Flyer, grand-dam by Snap, out of the dam of Chalkſtone, Iris and Planet; ſhe was got by Shephard's Crab, her dam Miſs Meredith, by Cade, out of the Little Hartley mare.—In 1794, '95 and '96, he won fifteen purſes, matches and ſweepſtakes, four of which were king's plates, carrying twelve ſtone—He is a dark bay, fifteen and an half hands high, and a fine powerful horſe.

N. B. Gabriel can be purchaſed. 2

Belle-Air, 20th April, 1799.

WAS committed to my cuſtody, on the 17th inſtant, a negro woman, as a runaway, who ſays her name is CHARITY, and belongs to JEREMIAH BERRY, of Montgomery county, ſhe appears to be upwards of thirty years of age, very black, her cloathing bad. Her maſter is deſired to come and take her away, or ſhe will be ſold agreeably to law for priſon fees and other expences.

2 X NOTLEY MADDOX, Sheriff of Prince-George's county.

April 18, 1799.

THE ſubſcriber having ſuſtained material injury on the plantation now occupied by him, known by the name of *Howard's*, and being the plantation whereon Mr. PETER MILLER formerly reſided, forewarns all perſons from travelling acroſs the ſaid plantation in any manner or way whatever, except as the roads there-through direct to the plantations at the back thereof. He alſo forewarns all perſons from dealing with any of his ſlaves in any manner or way whatever, without leave in writing from himſelf, and that he will chaſtiſe every negro that he may find croſſing the ſaid plantation (otherwiſe than as aforeſaid) without reſpect to their owners. He further forewarns all perſons from haling or landing their ſeins on the ſhores of ſaid land, and from pillaging and taking off wood from the ſame.

This notice he hopes will be attended to, as he is determined to put the law in force againſt any offender.

BARUCH FOWLER.

April 30, 1799. 2

Anne-Arundel county, ſc. WHEREAS GILBERT HAMILTON SMITH, one of the collectors of the tax for Anne-Arundel county, hath this day returned to the commiſſioners of the tax for ſaid county the following additional liſt of lands in ſaid county, on which there is no perſonal property to pay the ſaid taxes, to wit:

Names of land. Taxes due. Names of perſons.

Hopkin's Fancy and lot at Pig Point, 3 12 10, Stephen Weſt.

Part Duvall's Range, 3 16 8, Thomas Contee.

Clark's Inheritance, 7 8 7, Solomon Groves.

Part of Addition, 10 11 2, Lock Chew.

Notice is hereby given, that unleſs the county charges as aforeſaid are paid within thirty days after the publication of this notice, that the ſaid lands, or ſuch parts thereof as will be ſufficient to pay the tax and coſts thereon, will be ſold to the higheſt bidder, agreeably to the directions of the act of aſſembly, entitled, An act for the more effectual collection of the county charges in the ſeveral counties of this ſtate. 3

By order,

NICH. HARWOOD, Cl. com. tax, A. A. C.

April 18, 1799. 4 W

WHEREAS a certificate was iſſued by the State of Maryland on the 12th day of March, 1794, No. 1138, to JAMES HUTCHINGS, Eſquire, for £-50, with intereſt thereon, which certificate was loſt in the life-time of the ſaid James, and has never come to our poſſeſſion ſince his death; we hereby give notice of our intention to preſer an application to the governor and council to have it renewed, agreeably to an act of aſſembly, paſſed at November ſeſſion, 1792. 6W

KITTY B. HUTCHINGS, } Executors of
HARRIET HUTCHINGS, } Jas. Hutchings. 3

NOTICE.

ALL perſons having claims againſt the eſtate of Dr. JOHN SPRIGG, late of Prince-Georges's county, deceaſed, are requeſted to bring them in, legally proved; all perſons indebted are requeſted to make ſpeedy payment, to

RICHARD SPRIGG, Adminiſtrator de bonis non.

April 11, 1799. 4 X

WANTED,

A FEW copies of the laws paſſed at November ſeſſion, 1785; alſo one copy of the proceedings of the houſe of delegates of February ſeſſion, and two of June ſeſſion, 1777; one of October, 1778; one of March, 1779; and one of March, 1780; for which a liberal price will be given by the printers hereof. X

To be RENTED,
And immediate poſſeſſion given,

THAT beautiful ſituation in the neighbourhood of Annapolis, called STRAWBERRY HILL, containing about 175 acres; the improvements are commodious, although not in good repair, but if a reſpectable tenant offers (and none elſe need apply) a term of years will be given, and a reaſonable allowance made for putting it in order. For further particulars apply to the proprietor.

14 tf HUGH THOMPSON, or
WILLIAM STEUART of Mount Steuart.

Baltimore, January 26, 1799.

THE ſubſcriber having ſuſtained very material injury on his property at STRAWBERRY-HILL, is under the neceſſity of giving this public notice, that he will proſecute, with the utmoſt rigour of the law, any perſon who ſhall treſpaſs on that eſtate in future.

9 tf HUGH THOMPSON.

Baltimore, March 3, 1799.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the commiſſioners of the tax for Anne-Arundel county will meet, at the city of Annapolis, on the ſecond Tueſday of May next, and will ſit from day to day for twenty days thereafter, to hear appeals and make tranſfers of property in ſaid county.

By order, 3

NICH. HARWOOD, Clk. com. tax A. A. C.

April 18, 1799.

By the CORPORATION of the CITY of ANNAPOLIS,
April 1, 1799

RESOLVED, That Philip Barton Key and John Gwinn, Eſquires, be appointed to apply to, and receive from, all perſons indebted to this corporation the ſum or ſums of money due to the ſaid corporation by bond or note, and on the receipt thereof, to give diſcharges for the ſame; and ſhould any of the ſaid debtors refuſe or neglect to pay at leaſt one third of the ſum due by them, or either of them, on or before the firſt day of Auguſt next, it ſhall be the duty of the ſaid Philip Barton Key and John Gwinn, Eſquires, and they are hereby empowered and directed to bring ſuits for the recovery of the whole ſum that may be due, and the treaſurer of the corporation is hereby authoriſed and required, when applied to by the ſaid Philip Barton Key and John Gwinn, Eſquires, or either of them, to deliver up to them, or either of them, all bonds and notes due this corporation for the purpoſes aforeſaid.

By order,

5 A. GOLDER, Clk.

Take Notice,

ALL perſons indebted to the CORPORATION of the CITY of ANNAPOLIS, on bond, bill or note, are requeſted to pay the whole intereſt, and one third of the principal ſum, to the ſubſcribers, or either of them, on or before the firſt day of Auguſt next, or ſuits will be inſtituted without diſcrimination, and without delay.

P. B. KEY,
JOHN GWINN.

Thirty Dollars Reward.

I WILL give the above reward for apprehending the following negroes, and ſecuring them in gaol, ſo that I may get them, WILL, about forty years of age, of a dark complexion, and five feet ten or eleven inches high. TOM, about thirty-ſix or ſeven years of age, a dark mulatto, about ſix feet high, and well proportioned, and BETTY, a likely dark mulatto girl, about ſeventeen years of age; the laſt two call themſelves THOMAS, and all of them have been frequently ſeen in Annapolis, where I have reaſons to ſuppoſe they now are. The above reward ſhall be paid for apprehending the ſaid negroes, or ten dollars for either of them, and reaſonable charges if brought home. All perſons are forewarned from harbouring them at their peril. W4

19 JAMES MORRISS.

Charles county, September 25, 1798.

RAN away from the ſubſcriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, on the Head of South river, negro NELL, a bright mulatto ſlave, about thirty-eight years of age, of a thin viſage, about five feet four inches high, with long buſhy hair, has been in common uſed to houſe work, ſhe is a very good ſpinner, and, in fact, underſtands how to do any thing about a houſe; her cloaths are uncertain, as ſhe took with her more than one ſuit; ſhe has been ſeen in Annapolis, and it is not unlikely but that ſhe may now be there. I will pay EIGHT DOLLARS to any perſon that will bring her home, or ſecure her ſo that I get her again.

WILLIAM HALL, 3d.

February 8, 1798. 43 tf

RAN away, on Tueſday the fourth inſtant, from the eſtate of WILLIAM SANDERS, on South river, a negro man named DENBY, a ſtout black fellow, about 25 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, has a quick pert way of ſpeaking; took with him ſundry cloathing, among them a coat and breeches of dark ſtriped elaſtic cloth, a white muſlinet waiſtcoat, and an old pair of corded breeches, a new ſmall round hat, bound, and a pair of black ſhoes; it is expected he has made for Baltimore. A reward of TEN DOLLARS will be paid for ſecuring him in the gaol of Baltimore, ſo that he be had again, or FIVE POUNDS if taken a greater diſtance.

Sept. 18, 1798. WILLIAM BRODDEN.

20 tf

In COUNCIL, Annapolis, March 8, 1799.

ORDERED, That the act to alter, abolish and repeal certain parts of the constitution and form of government of this state as are therein mentioned, and the act to alter, abolish and repeal, such parts of the constitution and form of government of this state as are therein mentioned, be published once in each week, for the term of three months, in the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis, the Federal Gazette, at Baltimore, the Rights of Man, at Frederick town, and the Herald, at Easton, and in Green's and English's paper, at George-town.

By order,

NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk
of the Council of Maryland.

An ACT to alter, abolish and repeal, certain parts of the constitution and form of government of this state as are therein mentioned.

WHEREAS the holding elections at any one place in each county of this state is attended with great inconvenience to all citizens remote from said place, and operates to deprive many persons entitled to suffrage from the exercise of that right; and as it is desirable that the full, free and fair voice of the people should be expressed in their choice of the functionaries of government,

II. *Be it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland*, That the several counties of this state, for the purpose of holding all future elections for delegates, electors of the senate, and sheriffs of the several counties, shall be divided into separate districts in the manner herein after directed, viz. Saint-Mary's county shall be divided and laid off into three separte districts, Kent county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Calvert county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Charles county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Talbot county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Somerset county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Dorchester county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Cæcil county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Prince-George's county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Queen-Anne's county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Worcester county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Frederick county shall be divided and laid off into seven separate districts, Harford county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Caroline county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Washington county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Montgomery county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Allegany county shall be divided and laid off into six separate districts.

III. *And be it enacted*, That Anne-Arundel county, including the city of Annapolis, shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts.

IV. *And be it enacted*, That Baltimore county, out of the limits of the city of Baltimore, shall be divided and laid off into seven districts, and that the city of Baltimore shall be laid off into eight districts.

V. *And be it enacted*, That all and every part of the constitution and form of government relating to the judges, time, place and manner, of holding elections in the city of Baltimore, and all and every part of the second, third, fifth, fourteenth and forty-second sections of the constitution and form of government of this state, which relate to the judges, place, time and manner of holding the several elections for delegates, electors of the senate, and sheriffs of the several counties, be and the same are hereby abrogated, repealed and annulled, and the same shall hereafter be regulated by law.

VI. *And be it enacted*, That if this act shall be confirmed by the general assembly, after the next election of delegates, in the first session after such new election, as the constitution and form of government directs, that in such case this act, and the alteration of the said constitution contained therein, shall be considered as a part, and shall constitute and be valid as a part, of the said constitution and form of government, to all intents and purposes, any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

An ACT to alter, abolish and repeal, such parts of the constitution and form of government of this state as are therein mentioned.

WHEREAS the holding elections at any one place in each county of this state is attended with great inconvenience to all citizens remote from said place, and operates to deprive many persons entitled to suffrage from the exercise of that right; and as it is desirable that the full, free and fair voice of the people should be expressed in their choice of the functionaries of government,

II. *Be it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland*, That the several counties of this state, for the purpose of holding all future elections for delegates, electors of the senate, and sheriffs of the several counties, shall be divided into separate districts in the manner herein after directed, viz. Saint-Mary's county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Kent county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Calvert county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Charles county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Talbot county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Somerset county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Dorchester county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Cæcil county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Prince-George's county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Queen-Anne's county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Worcester county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Frederick county shall be divided and laid off into seven separate districts, Harford county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Caroline county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Washington county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Montgomery county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Allegany county shall be divided and laid off into six separate districts.

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IV. *And be it enacted*, That Baltimore county, out of the limits of the city of Baltimore, shall be divided and laid off into seven districts, and that the city of Baltimore shall be laid off into eight districts.

V. *And be it enacted*, That all and every part of the constitution and form of government relating to the judges, time, place and manner, of holding elections, in the city of Baltimore, all and every part of the second, third, fifth, fourteenth and forty-second sections of the constitution and form of government of this state, as also every part of the said constitution and form of government which relate to the judges, place, time and manner, of holding the several elections for delegates, electors of the senate, and sheriffs of the several counties, be and the same are hereby abrogated, repealed and annulled, and the same shall hereafter be regulated by law.

VI. *And be it enacted*, That no person possessing the qualification of property required by the constitution shall be entitled to vote at any election to be held for sheriffs, delegates to the general assembly, or electors of the senate, unless there be some written evidence that he is worth thirty pounds, or a freehold of fifty acres of land, at the time he offers to vote, this written evidence to be an assessment of property to that amount, which assessment may be made at any time before such person offers to vote, upon his producing satisfactory testimony of his possessing such property; the manner of making out such assessment, and the person or persons to judge of the qualification as to property, to be hereafter regulated by law.

VII. *And be it enacted*, That all parts of the constitution and form of government not herein before enumerated, which are repugnant to, and inconsistent with, the provisions of this act, be and the same are hereby repealed, annulled and avoided.

VIII. *And be it enacted*, That if this act shall be confirmed by the general assembly, after the next election of delegates, in the first session after such new election, as the constitution and form of government directs, that in such case this act, and the alteration of the said constitution contained therein, shall be considered as a part, and shall constitute and be valid as a part, of the said constitution and form of government, to all intents and purposes, any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Five Pounds Reward

FOR apprehending and bringing home negro TOM, who has assumed the name of TOM TILLARD, he is about five feet one or two inches high, wrinkled in the forehead, very dark complexion, wears his hair or wool in whiskers, stammers very much, and is remarkably bow-legged; he went off some time in May last, under pretence of going to see his wife, who belongs to Mr. Thomas R. Hodges, in Prince-George's county, near Upper-Marlborough, and may probably be lurking about that gentleman's plantation; he has a number of acquaintances in that neighbourhood, and there is reason to suspect he may be concealed in some of the quarters of R. Sprigg, Esquire. I will give three pounds for lodging him in goal, so that I get him again, or the above reward, including what the law allows, for bringing him home to

JOHNSON M. O'REILLY,
near Annapolis.

I will handsomely reward any person who will convict any one of harbouring or employing said fellow, as it is my determination to put the law rigorously into execution against such offender.

To be SOLD for CASH, or on long credit,

A FAMILY of SLAVES, consisting of a man, his wife, and their eight children, four boys and four girls, the eldest seventeen years of age, the youngest twelve months; the man is honest and sober, a good gardener, a trusty market man, and handy at all work; the woman is an excellent plain cook, honest and sober; the expence of so large a family in town, and the reluctance of the parents to have their children sold, or even separated from them, is the only reason of their being offered for sale. To a good master in the country who would keep the family together, and manumit the female children at twenty-eight years of age, they will be disposed of on easy terms.

PHILIP B. KEY.

Annapolis, October 6, 1798.

LAND for SALE.

I WILL SELL, by PRIVATE CONTRACT, the HALF of a TRACT of LAND, lying in Frederick county, adjoining the lands of Mr. NATHAN HARRIS; the whole tract containing *eleven hundred sixty one and a half acres.*

WILLIAM WALKER.

Annapolis, December 26, 1798.

NOTICE.

THE subscriber being authorised to collect and settle the concerns of the late JAMES RUSSELL, Esq; merchant of LONDON, requests all those indebted either on judgment, bond, note, or account, to settle the same without delay, or immediate exertions will be made to enforce payment.

EDWARD HALL.

West River, April 4, 1799.

Attention!

HAVING undertaken the collection of the county assessment for the year 1798, notice is hereby given, that, for the convenience of the people, I have fixed upon the following places and times of meeting, when and where I request they will be pleased to meet me, prepared to pay their respective accounts, viz.

At Tracy's Landing on Friday, May 17th.
At Pig Point on Tuesday 21st.
At Mrs. Rawlings's tavern on Friday 24th.
At Mr. John Dent's tavern on Monday 27th.
At Mr. Joseph Holland's tavern on Friday 30th.
At Mr. Basil Green's store on Monday, June 3d.
At Mr. Smith's, Poplar Spring, on Thursday 6th.
At Mr. Peter Littig's tavern, new road, on Monday 10th.
At Mr. John Talbot's tavern on Thursday 13th.
At Mr. W. Spurrier's tavern on Monday 17th.
At Mr. L. Shipley's, Elk-Ridge Landing, on Thursday 20th.
At Mr. Steeples's tavern, lower ferry, on Monday 24th.
And at Hope Mills, on Magothy, on Thursday 27th.

I hope it will not be thought a hardship by any one to ride a few miles, but that every man in the county will either attend and pay his tax, or send the money by a neighbour; those failing to do so, must be waited on before I leave the neighbourhood, and I positively declare, my first visit, after having delivered the accounts, shall be the last.

As I intend to make the whole collection of the county myself, it will not be in my power to make repeated calls upon individuals, therefore indulgence is totally out of the question. I shall not spare the most opulent, and those having but little to pay need not expect favour on that head, for the aggregate of small sums make the principal part of the levy. Every man knows the taxes must be paid, and if discharged promptly, it will be as well a benefit to the individuals as to the public; at any rate, both my interest and duty require that I should complete the collection within the time prescribed by law. I have therefore thought proper to give this notice, that the people generally should be early apprised of my determination to act uniformly by this plain rule, where the assessment is not paid, to execute immediately, without any exception whatever.

W. ALEXANDER, Col. A. A. county.

As my business will necessarily often occasion my absence from town, and knowing that many persons may wish to pay their accounts in Annapolis, I therefore request them to call upon James Mackubin, Esq; who will be so obliging to receive money for me in my absence, and give receipts for the same.

W. A.

HIGH FLYER,

Will stand to cover mares this season at South River ferry, four miles from Annapolis, from the 15th of April to the 15th of July, at twenty dollars each, if credit is required, or fifteen dollars each, and one dollar to the groom, if the money is sent with the mares, or paid by the end of the season.

HIGH FLYER is fixteen hands high, a blood bay, with a star and one white foot, and is the largest full bred horse ever imported into this country. The owners of this horse's colts have been offered from 600 to 1000 dollars for them, both in Pensylvania and Maryland. High Flyer was bred by Richard Tattersall, got by his High Flyer, which won upwards of 7000 guineas, and was never beat. Thistle, the dam of High Flyer, was got by Syphon. She was dam of Mr. Hutchison's Thistle, which was a good runner, his grand-dam by Cade; she was the dam of Mr. Shaftoe's Hunter Omnium, Herald, and Miss Barfoth, his great-grand-dam by Partner, she was the dam of Toy, Madam, the dam of Twig, Drowsey, Torismond, Alcides, the dam of young Cade, the dam of Omnium Filly, by Cade, the dam of Prioten and Villager; all capital runners, his great-great-grand-dam by Matchless, great-great-great-grand-dam by Brimmer, his great-great-great-great-grand-dam by Places White Turk, and out of a Layton Barb mare.

JOHN CRAGGS.

N. B. Grass will be provided for mares for 3/9 per week, and every attention paid them, but will not be answerable for accidents or escapes.

March 10, 1799.

ALL persons having any just claims against the estate of JOHN BULLEN, Esq; late of the city of Annapolis, deceased, are desired to produce them, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, to

THOMAS JENINGS, Administrator
with the will annexed.

ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by FREDERICK and SAMUEL GREEN.